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for Nonprofit Organizations

Happy Endings

By Melanie Lockwood Herman As another calendar year draws to a close, the subject of "endings" comes to mind. Every day across the U.S., nonprofit leaders experience endings of one kind or another. The departure of a long-time employee, the retirement of a board member, and the decision of a small commercial vendor to narrow its scope of services are just a few examples of common endings. In our work with nonprofit organizations in this country and internationally, we have observed that nonprofit leaders often experience anxiety when the "end" is near. The purpose of this article is to offer practical advice about managing the risks associated with relationships that are fated to end.

Think Risk before You Begin

One of the most frequently omitted yet essential parts of a contract is the section indicating how each contracting party may escape from or terminate the arrangement. My own sense of why this omission is so common is that parties to a new contract tend to begin the relationship with an *unrealistic* sense of optimism. I invite you to reflect on the contracts you have signed during your career as a leader. How many times were you



certain or even concerned at the outset that the relationship was doomed? My guess is that the number is negligible.

Few leaders possess the skill of prophecy necessary to forecast *when* and *why* business relationships will end. When we hire new employees and contract with third parties we are confident that things will work out. Biases distort the decision making process, and the bias of overconfidence may be particularly harmful to sizing up the risk of business relationships. Professors Paul Schoemaker (University *continued on page 2*

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Nonprofit Risk Management Center

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of Pennsylvania – Wharton School of Business) and J. Edward Russo (Cornell) label overconfidence "a hidden flaw in managerial decision making."

The lesson from recognizing the overconfidence bias in our decisions about partners is to provide for failure while planning for success. For example, remember to include an escape clause in every contract. The language of the clause will differ based on the circumstances at hand. For example, it may be in your nonprofit's best interests to ensure the ability to exit an arrangement without delay or complication. In that case, a clause permitting termination with 30 days written notice may be in order. Also consider any special requirements that may be necessary due to the nature of the contract, such as the requirement that the vendor work collaboratively with and willingly transfer computer program code, or other property of the nonprofit to the new provider.

Take Stock During the Journey

When I speak with nonprofit leaders who are reflecting on failed business relationships it's not surprising to hear the sentiment: "there were signs all along." Most failed relationships are preceded by signs that all is not well. Common signs include: missed deadlines, substitution of less experienced personnel, and inaccurate billing statements. In other cases areas of incompatibility become obvious and the prospect of a successful relationship grows dim. The mistake we too often make is to ignore the warning signs and hope that things will improve. A better approach to the "hope springs eternal" school of risk management is to take the following steps.

- First, bring the area or areas of concern to the attention of the contracting party;
- Next, engage in discussion about how to address the error, prevent its recurrence and get the relationship back on track; and
- Finally, set a timetable for fixing the mistake and ensuring the delivery of contracted services or materials is to your standards as specified in the contract. Provide a written confirmation of the steps that each party has agreed to take.

Wrap with Care

A popular retailer in my community offers year-round, complimentary wrapping of any gift purchased at the store. I find the option irresistible. No matter how long I labor over a package, it will never look as neat and attractive as the box wrapped by the store clerk in just a few minutes. Yet I will acknowledge that I could, if motivated, probably learn how to wrap effectively. Many nonprofit leaders seem similarly disinclined to learn how to wrap business relationships with care. The consequences of my stubbornness with gift wrapping are minor when compared to the potential risks associated with the mishandling of a failed partnership or business relationship. A simple reminder about "wrapping with care" can help you avoid the unnecessary exposure to legal claims, reputation risk and more.

Employees: Avoid the Bad Goodbye

The expression sometimes attributed to Socrates, "the only thing constant is change," is an absolute truth with respect to the employees of a nonprofit. Over time, people come and go. Although most executives understand



this intuitively, a large number continue to be offended when a valued employee identifies a greener pasture. That offense translates into less than generous treatment of the departing employee. No employee wants to see a co-worker being treated badly. Watching how the leader reacts may have the unfortunate consequence of causing others in the workplace to vow not to provide the requested notice period.

Employees who announce their intent to leave should be treated kindly. Here are some important steps to avoid the risk of negative fallout:

- Thank the employee for their years (or months) of dedicated service. Be sincere. Be gracious.
- Discuss with the employee when and how to notify staff and other stakeholders (the board, volunteers, vendors with whom the employee works). Determine a mutually agreeable timetable and approach (e.g., an email to the staff that will be sent tomorrow morning), and reassure the employee about the tone of the

announcement. Do not cause the employee a moment of anxiety about how the announcement will be worded. For example, "Why don't I let the staff know that you've found a terrific new position closer to home and that while we will miss you, we are very happy that you have found something professionally rewarding that doesn't require an exhausting commute to work. Would that be okay?" How about letting the employee write and make the announcement themselves when at all possible?

Discuss with the employee how their role may change during the period leading up to their final day on the job. For example, instead of "business as usual," it may be advisable to have the employee focus on training one or more co-workers and updating a procedures manual that relates to their area of responsibility. Thank the employee in advance for making a smooth transition possible.

But My Lawyer Told Me...

- 1. NOT to tell a fired employee the specific reasons for her termination; and
- 2. NOT to allow an employee to remain in the office after he announces his resignation.

We consulted two experienced employment attorneys for their thoughts on the above topics.

Tell Me Why

According to Karla Grossenbacher, an attorney with the DC-office of Seyfarth Shaw, "If you don't provide some reason, the employee will assume an unlawful one. Also, employees who feel that they have been treated disrespectfully or unprofessionally at the time of their termination are the ones most likely to sue. Refusing to tell an employee why they are being fired may cause the employee to feel they are being treated unfairly." Grossenbacher adds that the employee who believes they have been mistreated is "more likely than not to consult a lawyer." Paul Siegel from Jackson Lewis LLP adds, "The actual reason should be stated-even in short form-or no reason should be given. In any event, a false reason should never be provided. Contradicting the real reason with the one stated in discharge (e.g., telling the employee they are being "laid off" when the real reason is poor performance) can give rise to an inference of discrimination, by creating an impression of pretext."

Should I Stay or Should I Go Now?

Experienced lawyers often disagree on the topic of whether a departing employee should be allowed to remain after giving notice of their intent to resign. Grossenbacher notes, "Immediately escorting people out who are resigning voluntarily is likely an overreaction absent some indication that the person has the ability or intent to damage the employer. It could be bad

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Employees who must be terminated for poor performance should also be treated kindly. Here are some important steps to minimize the risk that your decision to fire will cause a firestorm:

- Thank the employee for their years (or months) of service. Be sincere. Be gracious. During the conversation try to focus on the one (or more) good thing(s) the employee did, rather than the various unfortunate, costly, and unacceptable things the employee did or failed to do. It isn't necessary to reiterate the "one good thing," out loud, but keeping it top of mind will help you stay focused on the task at hand: a gracious goodbye.
- Make certain that your files are clear and consistent about the legal reasons for the termination.

Documentation of performance counseling sessions, notes concerning the results of a formal performance review, and other material should be clear about why the employee's tenure came to an end. The Center recommends that terminated employees be told in plain terms the reasons for their termination. For example, "You are being terminated for failing to follow our security policy that strictly prohibits allowing persons without credentials into our safe house, despite repeated verbal and written warnings." The Center also recommends that a letter stating the reasons for departure be provided. A number of states have adopted service letter laws which require, under certain circumstances, that the reason for termination be provided to a terminated employee. For

example, the law in Maine requires that employers, within 15 days of receipt of a written request, give the employee a written statement containing the reasons for termination of employment. Washington State's law is similar, but shortens the time limit for compliance to 10 days.

Consider ways to make the employee's departure as pleasant and stress-free as possible. No one wants to be fired. Inability to perform assigned duties or follow your rules does not render an employee ineligible for compassionate treatment. Treating a terminated employee harshly will only reflect badly on you. Make certain you do nothing to cause the employee undue embarrassment about their circumstances, and refrain from any steps that are likely to cause unnecessary anger.

With respect to any departing employee, make certain you follow your written personnel policies closely. Always obtain an independent review of your planned approach to terminating an employee for cause. The independent review might be provided by an employment attorney licensed to practice in your state or a consultant at a firm with HR expertise. Finally, arrange for an exit interview with every departing employee. The interview should be conducted by a senior professional who is not the employee's direct supervisor. It can be conducted in person or by telephone.

Long-Time Business Partners

Your nonprofit's needs for business partners will change over time. The IT *continued on next page* guru who works from her basement may not be equipped to manage your growing network with dozens of users. The public relations firm that has developed one-color print ads for your nonprofit may not be able to provide the candid, state-of-the-art advice you need regarding a proposed multi-media campaign. In every organizational lifetime the partners with which we do business change. Consider the following tips to ensure a smooth transition from one provider to the next:

- Always inform business partners or vendors of the reasons for your decision to terminate the relationship. Be candid and clear.
- Ask the vendor for their help during the transition to a new provider. Make clear your need for assistance and request a commitment to help ensure a smooth transition.
- Follow the required notice provisions of your contract with the vendor. Following the notice requirements is not only a way to potentially eliminate the risk of a breach of contract claim, it's the right thing to do.
- Invite the business partner or vendor to provide feedback on their experience working with your nonprofit, including positive and negative aspects. Don't be defensive if the vendor shares his or her frustration working with your staff. Listen carefully and try to learn.
- If appropriate, indicate whether you would be willing to serve as a reference for the vendor.

Board Members

Board transitions are a good thing. New members breathe life into ageold policies and bring new ideas to the table. Veteran board members provide perspective on the history and accomplishments of the nonprofit and help balance the sometimes intoxicating lure of rapid change. The reasons for board departures are as varied as the people who serve on your board. Some may depart when their term draws to a close, while others will plead to be let off due to busy schedules or resign in a huff to protest a policy decision with which they disagree. In rare cases a board member may be voted off for conduct unbecoming a trustee. No matter the reason for the departure, when it's time to say "goodbye" to a board member, remember to:

- Graciously thank the board member for their service and do so in the most public way possible. For some nonprofits a professional conference may provide the best platform for a public thanks. For other nonprofits expressing thanks at a fundraising event, board meeting or featuring a prominent note of thanks in the newsletter will suffice.
- Arrange an exit interview with the CEO, Executive Director or chief staff professional. Fundraising consultant Carol Weisman writes that "Whatever the reaction and whether the departure is because of the end of a term or because of personal or business reasons, the executive has an opportunity to learn and grow professionally as well as ensure future positive involvement with the departing board member by asking for a final meeting." Carol suggests that the following questions be included during board member exit interviews: Did we use your talents

effectively?

for morale if the departing employee's coworkers see such a reaction, and it is likely a jury would see this as unfair treatment." She cautions that if the employee has made threats against the employer a different approach is in order and advises nonprofit leaders to take steps to prevent the employee from causing harm.

Lawyers who counsel nonprofits are more likely to agree about whether an employee who has been fired should be given the option of staying to assist with the transition period. Siegel advises that "Once someone is discharged, it is far better to have them leave the premises to avoid questionable workers' compensation claims, theft or destruction of corporate property, and disrupting others." Grossenbacher agrees with this approach for an employee who is terminated for misconduct or poor performance.

The bottom line for every nonprofit employer is that you need to decide how you will approach the "end of the line" with your employees. Start by finding out what your trusted legal advisor recommends (and why), and develop a practice that suits the culture and circumstances of your organization. As with any policy or practice, consider how your approach will be perceived, as well as the risks associated with various strategies.

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- If I can call you in the future, what issue should I consult you about?
- □ What did you enjoy about your time on the board?
- □ What would have made it better?
- □ How can I improve as a leader?

The Clint Black song "A Bad Goodbye" offers a musical reminder that goodbye is "easier said than done." Nonprofit leaders committed to managing the inevitable risks in relationships should exercise care when forming and ending business relationships. Your mission is too important and a "bad goodbye" is in most cases, avoidable. Armed with awareness of the overconfidence bias and a commitment to step carefully and with grace when it's time to call it quits, you will be able to orchestrate the ending of any business relationship with minimal legal and reputation risk.

Melanie Lockwood Herman is Executive Director of the Nonprofit Risk Management Center. She welcomes your feedback on this article and questions about the Center's resources for nonprofit leaders. She can be reached at <u>Melanie@nonprofitrisk.org</u>.

Melanie's most recent books include EXPOSED: A Legal Field Guide for Nonprofit Executives, which includes chapters on contracting risks, employment liability, and legal issues and the nonprofit board. Information on this book and other recently released publications can be found at: www.nonprofitrisk.org/store/hot.asp



Winding Down: A Risk Management Checklist

The Nonprofit Risk Management Center has developed a ten-page narrative and "checklist" for leaders in the process of winding down their nonprofit organizations. This free resource offers an overview of the process of dissolution (which is an action governed by state law), as well as a list of issues that CEOs and board leaders should consider when planning to wrap up the operations of a nonprofit. The complete resource is available here www.nonprofitrisk.org/library/fact-sheets/ Checklist_for_Winding_Down.pdf. One of the topics covered in the checklist is the subject of governance. There is likely to be great angst among board members who want to support the organization at this critical time, and loyal members may also express anger that the organization is closing its doors.

- Some may have been present at the organization's founding or be so closely aligned with the organization that they believe their own reputation is inextricably linked to the nonprofit's and that dissolution equates to failure.
- It is especially important for board members to remember their duty of loyalty to the organization and to make decisions that are in the best interests of the organization.
- By the time the decision to close the nonprofit's doors is made, several board members may have resigned.
- State law determines the minimum number of board members for a nonprofit organization (it is generally two or three; a small minority of states permit single member nonprofit boards).

- Be mindful of the minimum number of board members required. If appropriate, and at the appropriate time, all board members *except the minimum number* may resign during the winding down period.
- It is a violation of a board member's legal duty of care to the nonprofit to resign if his/her resignation would leave fewer than the minimum number of board members in place.
- Determining who stays and who leaves is an important decision for the nonprofit during this sensitive period.
- Those remaining will have to ensure that all required filings are completed with the state and the IRS, and that correspondence with stakeholders, insurance carriers, and possibly vendors is handled professionally.
- The winding down process may require several months. Those who remain may be involved in the nonprofit's closure off and on for several months after the nonprofit ceases day-to-day operations.



We All Do It: Mistakes in Nonprofit Life

By Melanie Lockwood Herman

Human beings are prone to making mistakes. In his poem titled, "An Essay on Criticism," eighteenth century English poet Alexander Pope reminds us that occasional screw ups are inevitable and rooted in our humanity. The best known line from the poem is "To err is human, to forgive divine."

If mistakes are common and an inextricable part of the human condition, how can nonprofit leaders tap into the knowledge that paid employees, volunteers, and even clients are bound to make mistakes? A closer look at why mistakes occur and how leaders often respond offers potentially helpful insights.

Pulitzer Prize winning journalist Joseph T. Hallinan uses humor, science and research to explore "why we make mistakes" in his book, Why We Make Mistakes: How We Look Without Seeing, Forget Things in Seconds, and Are All Pretty Sure We are Way Above Average. Hallinan suggests that we're too hard on ourselves when it comes to blaming ourselves and our fellow human beings for mistakes. He explains that biases in "the way we see, remember, and perceive the world around us" often lead us to commit various errors. One example is the hindsight bias. We experience the hindsight bias when something seems obvious to us after the accident, mistake or misstep. Yet too often we fail to fix the underlying cause, preferring instead to affix blame on a human being and move on. One of Hallinan's tips for reducing mistakes is "...to be less optimistic, especially

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Mis·take (Mĭ-stāk´)

n.

- 1. An error or fault resulting from defective judgment, deficient knowledge, or carelessness.
 - 2. A misconception or misunderstanding.

Source: www.thefreedictionary.com/mistake



when making decisions. That's because most of us tend to be overconfident and overconfidence is a leading cause of human error."

In their book Surviving and *Thriving in Uncertainty: Creating the* Risk Intelligent Enterprise, authors Frederick Funston and Stephen Wagner emphasize the importance of surfacing mistakes quickly. They remind their readers that "If you shoot messengers and don't tolerate dissent, you will not find many messengers or dissenters in your organization." They remind us that too often when mistakes are discovered, an organization's all too human leader looks for a human being to blame and punish rather than searching for the systemic issues that may have triggered the error. When the organizational culture assumes that humans are always to blame, a human "culprit" will be associated with every mistake. Funston and Wagner suggest a 180 degree reversal of the instinct to blame, suggesting that leaders "...consider punishing those who bury bad news and hide problems, and recognizing

those who have the courage to speak the truth as they see it."

Risk Management Tips for Reducing Mistakes

Consider the following tips as you reflect on how to change a "blame and shame" culture to one that is driven by the commitment to fix what needs fixing.

- Encourage dissent. Bring employees who disagree with a proposed strategy to the front of the room. Explore the reasons for dissent and listen intently to those with the courage to speak up.
- Resist the urge to bury mistakes. The fear of being blamed for a costly mistake leads to cover ups while increasing the odds that the mistake will be repeated. Praise, rather than punish employees who bring mistakes to the forefront, especially when they identify their own errors and do so in a timely basis.
- Think risk. The optimism bias leads us to expect that things will turn out better than likely.

Remember that it is possible (and advisable!) to consider downside risk without sinking into despair. By giving some thought to the possibility of a bumpy road, twists and turns and undesired outcomes, you'll be in a stronger position to manage what happens, whatever happens.

- Look for root causes. It's easy to find fingerprints on mistakes. Instead of blaming Bob or Mary, look for systemic reasons and causes. It's possible that Bob's error resulted from convoluted or contradictory instructions. And Mary's mistake may have been due to an unrealistic expectation that she follow a list of precise, sequential steps while multitasking.
- Look for ways to simplify policies and procedures. Simplification is an inexpensive way to reduce mistakes and resistance. During risk assessments we often encounter policies that aren't followed precisely because staff members have a hard time understanding what is expected. Enforceable policies do not need to be wordy and bureaucratic. Rewrite and rework policies so they are most likely to be understood by newcomers and veterans alike.
- Add the topic of mistakes to the agenda. Consider exploring miscalculations at your next senior staff or board meeting. Possible questions to get the discussion going include:
 - □ What was the biggest mistake or miscalculation we made this year?
 - Do we have a clear understanding of what went wrong?

- □ What is required to better understand *how*, *when* and *why* things did not turn out as we hoped they would?
- Recognize that culture change is required to shift from blaming human culprits to fixing broken systems and practices. It's neither practical nor productive to terminate the employment or volunteer status of every human being who makes a mistake. A commitment to reflecting on *how* and *why* mistakes occur is less expensive in the long run.
- Be an example. Leaders who willingly and honestly admit mistakes set the right tone in an organization, while executives who bury their own errors, or worse—blame scapegoats—send a potentially dangerous message to the rank and file. If you expect your staff and volunteers to step forward and admit their mistakes, you'll need to step up first.

In many nonprofits, mistakes remain "dirty little secrets." Yet research on human behavior and organizational culture teaches us that humans will always be prone to error. When we fail to look beyond the human face associated with a mistake we miss the opportunity to prevent its recurrence and fortify our organizations for the uncertainty that lies ahead.

Melanie Lockwood Herman is Executive Director of the Nonprofit Risk Management Center. She welcomes your feedback on this article and questions about the Center's resources at <u>Melanie@nonprofitrisk.org</u> or (202) 785-3891.

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An internet and telephone connection is all that is needed and the Nonprofit Risk Management Center delivers live, expert instruction along with handout materials; teaching sound risk management principles and techniques.

Can't attend one of the programs of interest on the date it is presented? All webinars are recorded and archived so you can listen and watch on the Web when it's more convenient. Once you purchase the program and payment is made, you will receive a confirmation email with a link where you can download the handout materials and view the archived recording as many times as you wish.

FIRST WEDNESDAYS IN 2011 -



A Webinar Series at 2 p.m. Eastern

Join the experts at the Nonprofit Risk Management Center for a series of practical,

to the point programs on risk management in the nonprofit world. The series features twelve, 60-minute programs on topical risk issues. Each program is packed with information and offers time for interaction with the presenter around your toughest risk management challenges.

The series of twelve topics is ideal for in-service training, risk-management skills polishing and

orienting staff, managers and board members to critical aspects of understanding and managing risk in your nonprofit organization.

REGISTER

- Each webinar program is \$59.
- Register for all 12 webinars for \$459.00, a savings of \$249 if purchased separately!

2011 First Wednesdays Schedule JANUARY 5: What's New? ERM, Risk Intelligence and Your Nonprofit

The discipline of risk management continues to evolve and thought-leaders in our industry continue to look for ways to inspire risk awareness, risk assessment and appropriate action. Operational risk management, strategic risk management, enterprise risk management, and most recently, "risk intelligence" are terms that you've probably heard, but may not fully understand. The kick-off first Wednesday webinar for 2011 will explore recent trends in the world of risk management. Attend this program to get our take on how you can begin to adapt and apply enterprise risk management and create a "risk intelligent" nonprofit.

FEBRUARY 2: The 7 Deadly Sins of "Borrowed" Risk Management Policies

Why buy when you can borrow? This is the mantra of many nonprofit leaders who view the borrowed policy, procedure or framework as a "good enough" way to manage risk. This program will begin by exploring the downsides, or "sins" of excessive borrowing. Learn about an alternative to borrowing that won't bust your budget or create additional exposures for your nonprofit. Find out how to develop practical, custom policies and cultivate the support you need prior to implementation.

MARCH 2: Risk Communication

The pressure on nonprofit leaders to explain their motives and actions to stakeholders has never been greater. Sustainability increasingly depends on the ability to lead through communicating. The discipline of risk communication reminds us of the need to talk about risks and risk response, but simply understanding that imperative is a long way from successful execution. This webinar will offer practical tips to improve the communication of difficult concepts, news, feedback and more. Learn how to strengthen interpersonal and group communication and communicate under pressure.

APRIL 6: Managing Partnership and Collaboration Risk: What You Need to Know

Partnering is second nature for many nonprofit leaders. Yet enthusiasm for partnering may create blind spots that obscure our view. Without a clear picture nonprofit leaders with good intentions may stumble. This webinar will explore practical steps for sizing up potential partners and increasing the odds of success, instead of missteps.

MAY 4: Business Continuity Planning for Nonprofits

Everyone knows that bad things sometimes happen to good people and great nonprofits. One possibility is an event that causes the interruption of normal operations. This webinar explores the process of creating a business continuity plan for your nonprofit. Learn what you need to do today (or as soon as possible!) to safeguard your mission-critical services and activities.

JUNE 1: Insurance Coverage Q&A

Many nonprofit leaders report difficulty understanding the terms of the insurance coverage on which their nonprofit organizations depend. This webinar offers the chance to pose any coverage-related question and receive an answer in plain language. The program will begin with a survey of common questions about the process of obtaining coverage and an overview of the typical coverages purchased by nonprofits. We'll conclude with your questions.

JULY 6: Managing Employee, Volunteer and Board Discontent

In a perfect world every nonprofit employee, volunteer and board member would be "content" 100% of the time. Few if any nonprofits live in such a world. This webinar will explore the risks associated with stakeholder discontent and offer practical suggestions for managing discontent. Find out what to do now to minimize the likelihood of unhappiness and learn how to respond with finesse to employee, volunteer and board discontent.

AUGUST 3: Accountability in Action: Enforcing Board Responsibilities

Accountability is a popular buzzword in the nonprofit sector and most nonprofit board members recognize that the board sets the tone for organizational accountability. From time to time, however, some members of the board may forget that they too must be accountable and live up to their leadership commitments. Attend this webinar to learn how to effectively, and practically enforce board member responsibilities.

SEPTEMBER 7: Fiscal Oversight, Risk and the Nonprofit Board

One of the most important responsibilities of a nonprofit board is fiscal oversight. Yet many board members remain unclear about what exactly that means. This webinar will explore the board's role in providing fiscal oversight and risk oversight. Attend this program to learn more about these important responsibilities and how to inspire the board to strengthen its governance practices.

OCTOBER 5: Volunteers, Risk and Reward: What's New?

Most nonprofits depend on volunteers for mission advancement. Volunteers make our missions happen, but they also expose our organizations to risk. Attend this webinar to learn what's new and what's practical in the field of volunteer risk management.

NOVEMBER 2: Financial Risk Management for Nonprofits

The regulatory spotlight on fiscal oversight and finance-related risks has caused some leaders to sweat more than usual. This webinar will explore some of the recurring and evolving financial risk management challenges facing nonprofits across the sector. Learn what your organization can and should do to keep cool in a challenging environment. Topics that will be covered in this session include the dilemma of operating reserves, the board's role in fiscal oversight, unmasking conflicts of interest, and more. Expectations and interest in fiscal transparency and close scrutiny continue to grow: are you ready for your close-up?

DECEMBER 7: Risk Management and Strategic Planning

Nonprofit leaders are long accustomed to strategic planning exercises that involve the examination of strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats. The fine-tuning of an organization's "vision" and "mission" statements is often part of the process. This webinar will explore ways to integrate an appreciation for risk into your planning cycle. Learn how to update your planning framework by adding risk-related elements. This program will explain how to challenge assumptions, anticipate causes of failure, and evaluate the prospect of taking more (rather than less) risk.

THIRD THURSDAYS IN 2011 -

An HR Webinar Series at 2 p.m. Eastern

Join the experts at the Nonprofit Risk Management Center for a series of practical,

to the point programs on HR risk and reward. The series features four, 90-minute programs on topical HR issues. Each program is packed with information and offers time for interaction with the presenter around your toughest HR challenges.

The series of four topics is ideal for in-service training, risk-management skills polishing and orienting staff, managers and board members to critical aspects of managing HR risk in your nonprofit organization.

REGISTER

Thursdays

- Each webinar program is \$89.
- Register for all 4 webinars for \$259.00, a savings of \$97 if purchased separately!

2011 Third Thursdays Schedule JANUARY 20: Getting and Giving References: Safely and Effectively

Attend this program to learn practical tips for getting the references you need as part of a

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comprehensive screening process. Find out how you can effectively persuade a reluctant employer to provide more than an abrupt confirmation of a former employee's name and dates of employment. The second half of the program will address safe reference-getting techniques. Overcome your fear of defamation claims and learn to give references with confidence.

FEBRUARY 17: The Employee Handbook: Do's and Don'ts

Despite the availability of a plethora of advice on employee handbook drafting, many nonprofit handbooks remain out of date or out of touch. Attend this program to learn practical tips for updating your handbook. Find out what mistakes and omissions are most common in nonprofit handbooks and how to avoid errors that could exposure your nonprofit to liability.

MARCH 17: Supervision and Performance Management

A wide range of risks exist long after the screening process has been completed. Attend this program to hear practical supervision and performance management tips. Find out why it is hard to design a performance appraisal system that both aids decision making about compensation and promotion and serves as a useful tool for employee development.

APRIL 21: Peaceful Endings: Managing the End of the Road

The end of the employment relationship is fraught with risk. Attend this webinar to learn how to manage every separation with skill and finesse. Learn the legal and practical differences between RIFs, terminations for cause, and employee resignations. The program will conclude with a segment on volunteer separations.

How We Can Help You the Year Through

The Nonprofit Risk Management Center, established in 1990, provides assistance and resources for community-serving nonprofit organizations. As a nonprofit, the Center is uniquely positioned to both understand and respond to questions with practical, affordable suggestions for controlling risks that threaten a nonprofit's ability to accomplish its mission.

Our mission is to help nonprofits cope with uncertainty.

- We provide Free technical assistance by telephone, (202) 785-3891, or e-mail, <u>info@nonprofitrisk.org</u>, to nonprofit staff and volunteers.
- We produce affordable, easy-toread publications. (Some are free!)
- We design and deliver workshops at events and conferences sponsored by nonprofit organizations, umbrella groups and associations, and insurance providers.
- We offer helpful online tools, including My Risk Management Policies, an easy to use, program that helps you develop custom

policies in various areas, including governance, human resources, technology, volunteer management, facility safety, and more. Visit **www. myriskmanagementpolicies.org** to learn more or purchase a license allowing unlimited use for \$179.

We offer competitively priced consulting services, including risk assessments, visit the Consulting tab at www.nonprofitrisk.org.

The Nonprofit Risk Management Center is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization. The Center does not sell insurance or endorse organizations that do.



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A one year license is \$179. The cost to use the program is free after the first year.

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Risk Management ESSENTIALS

Tips, Knowledge and Tools for Nonprofit Organizations

Please route to:

- Executive Director
- Director of Volunteers
- 🗌 Risk Manager
- Legal Counsel
- Human Resources
- ☐ Finance/Administration

Prepared for distribution to:

- Alabama Association for Nonprofits
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- California Association of Nonprofits
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- Kentucky Nonprofit Leadership Initiative
- Maine Association of Nonprofits
- Michigan Nonprofit Association
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